

GAP workshop on Polar Spaces

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A Generalised Quadrangle

Let $\mathbb{F} = GF(2)$ be the field with two elements and let V be the 4-dimensional vector space over \mathbb{F} . This vector space can be generated in GAP by the command

```
gap> vs := VectorSpace( GF(2), IdentityMat( 4, GF(2) ) );
```

The symplectic group $Sp(4, 2)$ acts on V . This group leaves a symplectic form invariant which, with respect to the standard basis is described by the following matrix:

$$F = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

invariant. Note that since we are working over the field $GF(2)$ each 1-dimensional subspace has exactly one non-zero vector in it. Thus we can identify a 1-dimensional subspace of V with its basis vector.

We define a projective space $\mathcal{S} = (\mathcal{P}, \mathcal{L})$ as follows:

- Points \mathcal{P} are non-zero vectors in V .
- Lines \mathcal{L} are sets L , where $L = U \setminus \{\mathbf{0}\}$ and U is a 2-dimensional subspace $U = \langle \mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v} \rangle$ for which $\mathbf{u}^T F \mathbf{v} = 0$. Thus a line consists of the non-zero vectors of a 2-dimensional subspace whose basis vectors have a 0 inner product with respect to F . In GAP we can test whether the vectors \mathbf{u} and \mathbf{v} have inner product 0 by testing whether

$$\mathbf{u} * F * \mathbf{v} = \text{Zero}(GF(2));$$

The group $Sp(4, 2)$ can be created in GAP with the command

```
gap> grp := SP(4, 2);
```

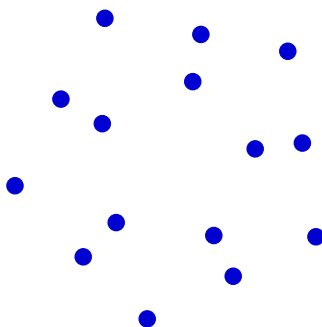
The group is returned as a group of 4×4 matrices with entries in \mathbb{F} .

All 2-dimensional subspaces of a vector-space V can be generated in GAP with the command

```
gap> Subspaces( vs, 2 );
```

Problems

1. Find a line ℓ_1 which contains the point $(1, 0, 0, 0)$.
2. Find all lines of \mathcal{S} as the orbit of ℓ_1 under the action of $\mathrm{Sp}(4, 2)$ on 2-subspaces.
3. How many lines are there in \mathcal{S} ?
4. How many points are on each line?
5. Is $\mathrm{Sp}(4, 2)$ transitive in its action on points?
6. Draw the graph of \mathcal{S} using the supplied drawing of the points.



7. Using **GAP** show that not all lines intersect and find two that do not intersect. Inspect your graph to see whether your computation agrees with the drawing.
8. Find a line using **GAP** that meets both of the two non-intersecting lines.
9. Does the graph satisfy the Generalised Quadrangle Axiom?
10. Are there any triangles in the graph?
11. Construct a permutation group on $\Omega = \{1, \dots, n\}$, where n is the number of points, which acts on Ω as $\mathrm{Sp}(4, 2)$ acts on \mathcal{P} . Use the **GAP**-functions **Action** and **OnRight**. Store the permutation group in a file for future use.
12. Write a **GAP** function **OnFlags** which implements the action of $\mathrm{Sp}(4, 2)$ on flags. (A flag is an incident point-line pair.)
13. Construct a permutation group on $\Delta = \{1, \dots, m\}$, where m is the number of flags, which acts on Δ as $\mathrm{Sp}(4, 2)$ acts on flags.
14. Is $\mathrm{Sp}(4, 2)$ transitive on flags?